

EAST CAMBRIDGESHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL
STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS 2005/2006

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FOREWORD TO THE ACCOUNTS

The statements of accounts which follow show the financial out-turn for the year ended 31 March 2006. The accounting statements have been prepared in accordance with the current Code of Practice on Local authority Accounting in Great Britain. This Statement of Recommended Practice ("SORP") takes account of the relevant legislation and constitutes a proper accounting practice under the terms of the Local Government Act 2003.

The pages which follow include

- ◆ **The Consolidated Revenue Account**

The Consolidated Revenue Account shows, in summarised form, the General Fund income and expenditure relating to the ongoing provision of public services by the Council.

- ◆ **The Consolidated Balance Sheet**

The Consolidated Balance Sheet shows the overall financial position of the Council at the year end, including the balances of the Collection Fund.

- ◆ **The Statement of Total Movement in Reserves**

The Statement of Total Movement in Reserves summarises the Council's movements between revenue and capital reserves.

- ◆ **The Cash Flow Statement**

This statement is intended to be an aid to the better understanding of the accounts by showing a summary of the inflows and outflows of cash arising from transactions with outside parties for both revenue and capital purposes.

- ◆ **The Group Accounts**

These consolidate the Council's Accounts with those of its subsidiary to give a more complete picture of the authority's control over other entities.

- ◆ **The Collection Fund Accounts**

These accounts show the amounts due from Council Taxpayers and from National Non-Domestic Ratepayers, the demands of the national non-domestic rating pool, the County Council, the Cambridgeshire Police Authority, Cambridgeshire Fire and Rescue and East Cambridgeshire District Council on the Fund, and related matters. Parish Councils' precepts are a charge to the General Fund.

EURO

As the Council updates its financial systems it has ensured that they can provide the functionality required to handle a conversion to the new currency in due course. Beyond this, and in view of the stage of the current debate on the issue, the Council has not identified any specific requirements or made any financial provisions in this regard.

FOREWORD TO THE ACCOUNTS

General Fund Services

The net revenue expenditure of the Council for 2005/2006 excluding parish council precepts was originally estimated at £8,404,351 which was overspent by £577,993. The revised budget was £9,110,351. This compares to the actual net expenditure for the year of £8,982,345, an underspend compared to probable out-turn of £128,006.

This underspend is attributed to the following:

	£'000
Discretionary Rate Relief	(26)
Economic Development	82
Council Tax Benefits	45
Interest & Proceeds of minor asset disposals	78
Internal Drainage Boards	(14)
Marketing & Grants	13
Cromwell House	(12)
Corporate Provisions	34
Recycling	(116)
Housing Benefits	92
Homelessness	(68)
Public Conveniences	-15
Paradise Pool	(15)
Tree Preservation/Landscaping	13
Ely Markets	(13)
Planning Application Fees	(26)
Sport & Recreation Admin	57
Training	19
 Total Underspend	 128

Reserves

Total usable reserves on General fund stood at £2,086,303 at 1 April 2005 and it was anticipated at probable out-turn stage that these would decrease to £1,380,303 at 31 March 2006, a decrease of £706,000. However, following the underspend referred to earlier, actual usable reserves as at 31 March 2006 now stand at £1,508,310. This is a decrease of £577,993 in the year.

Capital Expenditure

Capital spending amounted to £2,002,342 which was an underspend of £68,658 on the programme of £2,071,000.

The capital programme was financed from Government Grants £228,000, General Fund £798,518, and Useable capital receipts £975,824

FOREWORD TO THE ACCOUNTS continued

Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts:

The Council's Responsibilities -

The Council is required:

- ◆ to make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs. At East Cambridgeshire District Council that officer is the Executive Director (Finance).
- ◆ to manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets.
- ◆ to approve the statement of accounts.

The Executive Director (Finance)'s Responsibilities -

The Executive Director (Finance) is responsible for the preparation of the Council's statement of accounts which, in terms of the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in Great Britain ("the Code"), is required to present fairly the financial position of the Council at the accounting date and its income and expenditure for the year (ended 31 March 2006).

In preparing this statement of accounts, the Executive Director (Finance) has:

- ◆ selected suitable accounting policies and then applied them consistently;
- ◆ made judgements and estimates that were reasonable and prudent; and
- ◆ complied with the Code.

The Executive Director (Finance) has also:

- ◆ kept proper accounting records which were up to date; and
- ◆ taken reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Statement of Accounts presents fairly the financial position of the Council at the accounting date and its income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2006.

Executive Director (Finance)

28th June 2006

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General	The form and general principles adopted in compiling the accounts are substantially as recommended by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy. Except where otherwise noted, they follow the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2005: A Statement of Recommended Practice.
Reserves and Provisions	The Council maintains reserves to meet unforeseen future expenditure and has set aside provisions for specific future liabilities which are likely or certain to be incurred, but which cannot yet be accurately quantified. Details of reserves and provisions are shown in the notes to the Consolidated Balance Sheet.
Basis of Capitalisation	Capital transactions are included in the accounts on an accruals basis. As explained in the notes to the Consolidated Balance Sheet fixed assets are generally included at current valuation.
Valuation of Fixed Assets	The basis of valuation adopted in respect of the Council's operational property is open market value for the existing use, except where this could not be assessed because there is no market for the subject asset. For these assets depreciated replacement cost has been applied. The valuer has assumed that the properties will continue to be in the occupation of the Council for the foreseeable future having regard to the prospect and viability of that occupation. The figures have been apportioned between land and buildings and an estimate made of the remaining life of the latter. Items of plant and machinery which would normally be considered integral with the building fabric have been reflected in the valuations. Vehicles and equipment are held at historic cost. A deminimus of £5,000 is set for assets apart from IT equipment which has no deminimus. Assets are depreciated on a straight line method based on the estimated future life of the asset. Property assets regarded by the Council as non-operational have been valued on the basis of open market value.
Asset Categories	Assets have been categorised in accordance with the definitions in the SORP.
Sales of Fixed Assets	The law requires that receipts arising from the sale of fixed assets, the principal repaid on certain loans, and receipts of Housing Association Grant (HAG) are divided into reserved and usable parts. The reserved part is set aside in a Capital Financing Account.
	East Cambridgeshire District Council has no outstanding long-term external borrowing and also has a negative credit ceiling. Because of this:
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ it is permitted to use both the usable part, and subject to restrictions, the reserved part of most capital receipts to finance that part of its capital programme not from other sources; ◆ for most receipts arising from the sale of fixed assets the reserved proportion is nil; and ◆ it is exempt from the requirement to determine a "Minimum Revenue Provision" to meet external loan debt repayments.
Grant Income	Revenue grants are credited (on a calculated actual or estimated basis) to a revenue account in the year for which they are due. Capital grants relating to deferred charges (mainly house renovation grants) are applied in the year in which they are received to fund appropriate capital expenditure.
Interest and Capital Charges	External interest receivable is credited to the General Fund and included in the Consolidated Revenue Account. Capital charges are made to each service on the basis of the values of the assets held or used. These charges comprise notional interest and, where required, a depreciation charge. The capital charges made to services are credited to an Asset Management Revenue Account. After adjusting for the depreciation element, the balance on the Asset Management Revenue Account is credited to the Consolidated Revenue Account.
Debtors and Creditors	The provisions for debtors and creditors have been made so far as practicable on the basis of known liabilities, and no material items have been estimated. The provisions made for bad debts take into account the nature, value and age of general debts. For Council Tax the provision varies depending on where the debts are in the reminder/legal process. For Business Rates the provision increases with the age of the debt.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

Leasing	The Council operates a car leasing scheme for the benefit of certain employees. The Council has no operating leases and no finance leases.
Support Service Costs	Support service costs are allocated on the basis recommended by the best Value Accounting Code of Practice (BVACOP). Each support service has been treated in the accounts as separate entities, and it is intended that they should break even taking one year with another, by adjustment of subsequent years' charges. The net year-end surplus on support services forms part of the General Fund Reserve balance.
Pensions	<p>The pension costs that are charged to the Council's accounts in respect of its employees are equal to the contributions paid to the funded pension scheme operated by Cambridgeshire County Council for those employees. Further costs arise in respect of certain pensions paid to retired employees on an unfunded basis. These costs have been determined on the basis of contribution rates set in the 2004 actuarial valuation of the pension fund. However due to the fall in investment values during the year this is not sufficient to meet 100% of its liabilities. This means that it does not comply with the accounting requirements of SSAP24 and a contribution rate is being estimated by the actuary that would be required to comply.</p> <p>Further information may be found in the Cambridgeshire County Council's Pension Fund Annual Report, available from the Director of Resources, Shire Hall, Castle Hill, Cambridge, CB3 0AP</p>
Related Companies	<p>East Cambridgeshire District Council owns 400,000 shares in East Cambridgeshire Business Centres Limited, giving it the controlling shareholding. All the shares are now fully paid up. The investment is held at cost price in the Balance Sheet.</p> <p>Statutory investments are included in the Group Accounts on the basis of the percentage of the company owned by the Council. Details of the statutory investment can be found on page 17 note h.</p> <p>Group Accounts have been prepared as per the SORP requirements.</p>
Investments	External investments are included in the accounts at historical cost.
FRS15	In accordance with FRS15, the authority's building stock is depreciated over the life of the individual asset .
BVACOP	The Council is required as part of the Local Authorities Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP2005) to produce financial statements in accordance with the Best Value Accounting Code of Practice (BVACOP). This requires service expenditure analysis shown on the face of the Revenue Account to reflect the new BVACOP categories.
Stock & Work in Progress	The value of stock held is included within the Balance Sheet at the lower of cost or net realisable value in accordance with SAAP 9.
Deferred Charges	Deferred Charges are payments of a capital nature where no fixed asset is created within the Authority's balance sheet but which may provide benefit to the Authority over a number of years. All deferred charges expenditure is written out to revenue as it is incurred.
FRS 17	<p>The policy is to use the real cost of pensions instead of the actual cost in the year and reflects the commitment in the long term to increase contributions to make up any shortfall in attributable net assets in the pension fund.</p> <p>The overall amount to be met from Government grants and local taxation is unaffected.</p> <p>In assessing liabilities for retirement benefits at 31 March 2006 for the 2005/06 Statement of Accounts, the actuary was required by the SORP to use a discount rate based on the current rate of return on a high-quality corporate bond of equivalent currency and term to scheme liabilities. The actuary has advised that a rate of 4.9% is appropriate.</p>
Prudential Code	The accounts have been produced to follow the new requirements of the Prudential Code for Capital finance in Local Authorities.
Intangible Assets	There is a new category of asset named intangible assets which can include costs of licences for software. In previous years these costs were included as equipment as part of the total cost of a project.

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL

SCOPE OF RESPONSIBILITY

The Council is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for and used economically, efficiently and effectively for the benefit of the people of East Cambridgeshire. The Council also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

In discharging this overall responsibility, the Council is also responsible for ensuring that there is a sound system of internal control which facilitates the effective exercise of the Council's functions and which includes arrangements for the management of risk.

THE PURPOSE OF THE SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives. It can, therefore, only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Council's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.

The system of internal control has been in place at the Council for the year ended 31 March 2006 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

THE INTERNAL CONTROL ENVIRONMENT

The Council's internal control environment is described under the following headings:-

Establishing and monitoring the achievement of the Council's objectives

- ◆ The Council has worked with its partners in the Local Strategic Partnership to form a Community Strategy for the district. This has informed the Council's own Corporate Plan (or Best Value Performance Plan), which incorporates our three corporate objectives and sets out targets for a range of key performance indicators, including statutory Best Value Performance indicators and local Corporate Performance Indicators. Service plans are in place for each area of activity with aims that link to the BVPP priorities. Monitoring the achievement of objectives is undertaken through the Council's Performance Management Framework.
- ◆ The Council has also put in place a number of strategies and plans which support the achievement of its Corporate Objectives. These include the Medium Term Financial Strategy, the Capital Strategy and Asset Management Plan and the Housing Strategy.

Facilitation of policy and decision making

- ◆ The Council has a formally published Constitution, which sets out how the Council operates, how decisions are made and the procedures which are followed to ensure that these are efficient, transparent and accountable to local people. The Constitution is divided into twelve articles which set out the basic rules governing the Council's business and these are supplemented by procedures and codes of practice. The Constitution is subject to on-going review to ensure its adequacy and effectiveness.

Compliance with established policies, procedures, laws and regulations

- ◆ The Council has a Standards Committee whose objectives are to:-
 - ◆ promote and maintain high standards of conduct by Councillors and co-opted members;
 - ◆ assist the Councillors and co-opted members to observe the Members' Code of Conduct

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL continued

- ◆ The Council has recently reviewed its Risk Management Strategy in light of the outcome of the Audit Commission's assessment of the Council's Use of Resources. A series of actions have been agreed that will move the Council forward in this respect. The implementation of the revised strategy will be overseen by the Council's Chief Executive and his Management Team. In relation to risk management, the Council has:-
 - ◆ adopted a Risk Management Strategy
 - ◆ undertaken risk management training for officers and members
 - ◆ identified and assessed corporate risks
 - ◆ developed a risk register template for use in service planning
- ◆ The Council maintains a continuous internal audit service to assist management with monitoring adherence to policies and procedures. Internal and external audit work together to review and provide annual opinions of the control framework, governance and validity of the annual accounts. The Council is also subject to other inspections, for example by the Audit Commission and the Benefit Fraud Inspectorate.
- ◆ The Council also has in place a Fraud and Corruption Policy and a Whistleblowing Policy.

Ensuring the economical, effective and efficient use of resources and securing continuous improvement

- ◆ As part of the BVPP, the Council reports its performance against a variety of performance indicators. Some of these are nationally set as Best Value Performance Indicators and others are set locally. The Council sets three year targets for each indicator. The purpose of these indicators is to measure the Council's performance and progress over time, with a view to promoting continuous improvement.
- ◆ In addition to the requirements of Best Value, the Council is now required to comply with the requirements of the Efficiency Review programme and to achieve a target of 2.5% efficiency gains for the next three years.

Financial Management of the Authority and the reporting of financial management

- ◆ The Council's overall financial arrangements are governed by its Medium Term Financial Strategy, which sets out the financial framework for the delivery of the Council's strategies and plans. In determining the revenue and financial framework, a number of factors are taken into account including the national context, the distribution of local government funding, along with other local and external funding sources.
- ◆ These arrangements are supported by robust budget setting and monitoring arrangements and financial regulations, which form part of the Constitution. The Council also has in place a detailed service planning process that feeds into the budget setting process.
- ◆ In respect of treasury management, the Council fully complies with the CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management and the Prudential Code governing borrowing. The Council's Treasury Management Policy Statement acknowledges that effective treasury management will provide support towards achievement of its business and service objectives.

Performance management of the Authority and reporting of performance management

- ◆ The Council has in place a performance management framework which provides links from the corporate objectives of the Council through to individual service plans. Performance Indicators are set at a national and local level and targets are set for three years. Performance against performance indicator targets are monitored and reported during the year, and corrective action is taken where performance is not meeting targets. Performance against the agreed objectives and actions is published annually in the Council's Best Value Performance Plan.

STATEMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL continued

REVIEW OF EFFECTIVENESS

The Council has responsibility for conducting at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control. This review is informed by the work of internal auditors and the Council's Management Team, who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control environment, and also by comments made by the external auditors and other review agencies and inspectorates in the annual audit letter and other reports.

The effectiveness of the system of internal control has been evaluated during the year in the following ways:-

- ◆ The Council has received and considered the Annual Report and Inspection letter from the Audit Commission and other reports and has put in place improvements as a consequence.
- ◆ Policy and Resources Committee has considered a report from the Principal Auditor summarising the work undertaken during the year and any key issues arising. The Principal Auditor has also provided an assurance on the effectiveness of the internal control environment for the areas examined by Internal Audit during the year.
- ◆ The Council has evaluated the systems of internal control against a checklist produced by the CIPFA Financial Advisory Network. Contributions to this evaluation have come from members of the Council's Management Team and other officers.

We have been advised on the implications of the result of the review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement is in place.

SIGNIFICANT INTERNAL CONTROL ISSUES

Issue

The terms of reference of the Policy and Resources Committee need to formally reflect its responsibility for Corporate Governance.

The Council has made significant progress during the last financial year in the area of risk management however further work is required to ensure that it is embedded throughout the Authority.

The Council does not have in place a Business Continuity Plan covering critical service areas.

Action

A recommendation will be made to Policy and Resources Committee in July 2006 to amend the terms of reference.

The revised Risk Management Strategy adopted by the Council will be the driver for ensuring that risk management is embedded throughout the Authority and its implementation will be overseen by the Council's Chief Executive and his Management Team.

A Business Continuity Plan is in the process of being written and a deadline of July 2006 has been set for its adoption.

J Hill
Chief Executive
Date: _____

B Ashton
Leader,
Conservative Group
Date: _____

G Wilson
Leader,
Liberal Democrat Group
Date: _____

A Wright
Leader,
Group of Independents
Date: _____

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Council is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for and used economically, efficiently and effectively for the benefit of the people of East Cambridgeshire.

In discharging this accountability, members and senior officers are responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of the Council's affairs and the stewardship of the resources at its disposal. To this end, the Council has approved and adopted a Code of Corporate Governance, which is consistent with the principles and reflects the requirements of the CIPFA/SOLACE Framework Corporate Governance in Local Government: A Keystone for Community Governance.

A copy of the Code can be obtained from the Council's web site
at (<http://www.eastcambs.gov.uk/docs/policies/corpgov.pdf>)
or from the Chief Executive, The Grange, Nutholt Lane, Ely.

The Chief Executive has been given responsibility for :-

- ◆ overseeing the implementation and monitoring of the operation of the code
- ◆ reviewing the operation of the code
- ◆ reporting annually to the Policy and Resources Committee on compliance with the code and any changes necessary to maintain and ensure its effectiveness in practice

We report that the main aspect of the code of corporate governance that is not yet fully in place is:-

- ◆ a revised Corporate Risk Management Strategy is in place, however risk management is not yet fully integrated across the Council.

We propose over the coming year to take steps to address the above matter to further enhance our corporate governance arrangements.

We are satisfied that these steps will address the need for improvements that were identified in our last annual review and will review their implementation and operation as part of our next annual review.

Corporate governance is a key element of the Council's internal control environment. The outcomes of this review have been included in the annual review of the systems of internal control, and included in the Statement of Internal Control.

J Hill
Chief Executive
Date: _____

B Ashton
Leader,
Conservative Group
Date: _____

G Wilson
Leader,
Liberal Democrat Group
Date: _____

A Wright
Leader,
Group of Independents
Date: _____

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO EAST CAMBRIDGESHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL

Independent auditor's report to the Members of East Cambridgeshire District Council

I have audited the financial statements of East Cambridgeshire District Council and its Group for the year ended 31 March 2006 under the Audit Commission Act 1998, which comprise the Consolidated Revenue Account, the Collection Fund, the Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Movements in Reserves, the Cash Flow Statement, the Group Accounts and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out within them.

This report is made solely to East Cambridgeshire District Council in accordance with Part II of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 36 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and of Audited Bodies prepared by the Audit Commission.

Respective Responsibilities of Executive Director (Finance) and Auditors:

The Executive Director(Finance)'s responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and the Statement of Recommended Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2005 are set out in the Statement of Responsibilities

My responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

I report to you my opinion as to whether the financial statements presents fairly the financial position of the Authority in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and the Statement of Recommended Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2005

I review whether the statement on internal control reflects compliance with CIPFA's guidance 'The Statement on Internal Control in Local Government: Meeting the Requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003' published on 2 April 2004. I report if it does not comply with proper practices specified by CIPFA or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information I am aware of from my audit of the financial statements. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether the statement on internal control covers all risks and controls. I am also not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures

I read other information published with the financial statements, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. This other information comprises only the Explanatory Foreword. I consider the implications for my report if I become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. My responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of audit opinion:

I conducted my audit in accordance with the Audit Commission Act 1998, the Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the Authority in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Authority's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming my opinion I also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion:

In my opinion the financial statements present fairly, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations and the Statement of Recommended Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2005, the financial position of the Authority and its Group as at 31 March 2006 and its income and expenditure for the year then ended.

A PERRIN
District Auditor
Date 28th September 2006

Audit Commission
1st Floor, Sheffield House
Lynton Way off Gates Way
Stevenage, Herts
SG1 3HB

Conclusion on arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

Authority's responsibilities

The Authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to regularly review the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

Under the Local Government Act 1999, the Authority is required to prepare and publish a best value performance plan summarising the Authority's assessment of its performance and position in relation to its statutory duty to make arrangements to ensure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

Auditor's responsibilities

I am required by the Audit Commission Act 1998 to be satisfied that proper arrangements have been made by the Authority for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission requires me to report to you my conclusion in relation to proper arrangements, having regard to relevant criteria specified by the Audit Commission for principal local authorities. I report if significant matters have come to my attention which prevent me from concluding that the authority has made such proper arrangements. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether all aspects of the authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.

I am required by section 7 of the Local Government Act 1999 to carry out an audit of the Authority's best value performance plan and issue a report:

- ◆ certifying that I have done so;
- ◆ stating whether I believe that the plan has been prepared and published in accordance with statutory requirements set out in section 6 of the Local Government Act 1999 and statutory guidance; and
- ◆ where relevant, making any recommendations under section 7 of the Local Government Act 1999.

Conclusion

I have undertaken my audit in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice and I am satisfied that, having regard to the criteria for principal local authorities specified by the Audit Commission and published in September 2005, in all significant respects, East Cambridgeshire District Council made proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ending 31 March 2006.

Best Value Performance Plan

I issued my statutory report on the audit of the Authority's best value performance plan for the financial year 2005/06 on 29 November 2005. I did not identify any matters to be reported to the Authority and did not make any recommendations on procedures in relation to the plan.

Certificate

I certify that I have completed the audit of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission.

A PERRIN
District Auditor
Date 28th September 2006

Audit Commission
1st Floor, Sheffield House
Lytton Way off Gates Way
Stevenage, Herts
SG1 3HB

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2006

		2005/2006			2004/2005 note
		Expenditure	Income	Net	
		£	£	£	
Income and Expenditure	Central Services to the public	4,634,226	-3,869,610	764,616	619,381
	Cultural & Related	1,858,252	-452,022	1,406,230	1,479,162
	Environmental	4,935,971	-562,784	4,373,187	3,173,201
	Planning & Development	3,850,441	-2,171,624	1,678,817	1,783,647
	Transport	472,507	-31,657	440,850	423,408
	Housing	12,180,421	-11,118,870	1,061,551	884,695
	Corporate & Democratic Core	2,240,444	-814,478	1,425,966	1,175,660
	Non Distributed Costs	65,000	0	65,000	2,000
	NET COST OF SERVICES	30,237,262	-19,021,045	11,216,217	9,541,154
	Parish council precepts			1,037,200	956,063
Financing of net revenue expenditure	Transfer to (from) asset management revenue account			-414,359	-452,117 [c]
	Interest receivable			-589,765	-569,134
	Pensions interest cost			1,299,000	957,000
	Expected return on pension assets			-1,184,000	-1,030,000
	NET OPERATING EXPENDITURE			11,364,293	9,402,966
	Contributions to (from) other reserves			21,326	215,841
	Contributions to (from) capital reserves -				
	Financing of capital expenditure			798,518	623,001
	Reversal of depreciation charges			-585,277	-405,052
	Reversal of deferred charges			-1,071,868	-1,243,726
	Movement on pension reserve			-473,000	-210,000 [i]
General Fund Reserve Balance	AMOUNT TO BE MET FROM GOVERNMENT GRANT AND LOCAL TAXPAYERS			10,053,992	8,383,030
	Demand on Collection Fund			-4,154,900	-3,918,763
	Collection Fund transfer for the deficit (surplus) at 31 March - (Residual community charges)			0	0
	Revenue support grant			-3,070,268	-2,793,054
	Contribution from the non-domestic rate pool			-2,250,831	-2,027,080
	SSA Reduction grant			0	0
	DEFICIT/(SURPLUS) FOR THE YEAR			577,993	-355,867
	Balance at start of the year			-2,086,303	-1,730,436
	Deficit/(Surplus) for the year			577,993	-355,867
	Balance at end of the year			-1,508,310	-2,086,303

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE ACCOUNT

**a.
Acquired/
Discontinued
operations**

There were no acquired or discontinued operations during the year.

**b.
Prior year,
Exceptional,
and Extra-
ordinary
Items**

There were no corrections of fundamental errors affecting the consolidated revenue account for the year, nor were there any exceptional or extraordinary items included in the consolidated revenue account for the year.

**c.
Asset
Management
Revenue
Account**

The purpose of the asset management revenue account is to offset the total of the capital charges made to revenue accounts. The balance on the account is transferred to the consolidated revenue account. The components of the account are set out below:

	2005/2006	2004/2005
	£	£
Capital charges for the use of fixed assets	999,636	857,169
less: depreciation	-585,277	-405,052
	-----	-----
Credit to consolidated revenue account	414,359	452,117
	=====	=====

**d.
Leases**

The Council had no finance or operating leases at any time during the year.

**e.
Trading
Operations**

The Council owns Ely market rights, and also owns a number of industrial sites in the District. Operation of The Maltings public hall was contracted out with effect from November 1994. The profits (or losses) on these trading operations were as follows:

	2005/2006		2004/2005	
	Turnover	Profit (loss)	Turnover	Profit (loss)
	£	£	£	£
Ely markets	138,996	17,006	129,273	22,452
Business Units	51,122	-6,522	48,999	-39,128
Maltings hall	102,861	-25,508	99,497	1,556
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total	292,979	-15,024	277,769	-15,120
	=====	=====	=====	=====

Ely Markets reduced surplus due to a reduction in income.

The reduced deficit on the Business units was because of reduced Capital Charges.

Maltings deficit was due to increased Capital Charges and additional work on the premises.

**f.
Publicity
Expenditure
[S5(1) of the
Local Govern-
ment Act
1986]**

The Council's expenditure on publicity is set out below.

	2005/2006	2004/2005
	£	£
Recruitment advertising	42,933	60,965
Other advertising	43,231	63,521
Promotions	39,407	34,326
Other publicity	1,429	4,009
	-----	-----
Total	127,000	162,821
	=====	=====

**g.
Agency
Expenditure**

The Council undertakes grass cutting in Ely as agents for Cambridgeshire County Council. The County Council reimburses the District Council for the cost of this work, subject to a cash limit, and makes a contribution towards administrative costs. The direct expenditure in 2005/2006 was £3639 (2004/2005 £14,311) towards which the County Council contributed £3639(2004/2005 £3,639). There was, therefore, no deficit to be included in the consolidated revenue account.

**h.
Undischarged
obligations**

The Council has a long term contract with Capita for the provision of a Revenues and Benefits Service until 31/3/2007.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE ACCOUNT continued

**i.
Local
Government
Pension
Scheme**

In 2005/2006 the Council paid an employer's contribution of £331,230 (2004/2005 £240,665 @ 6.5%), representing 8.0% of employees pensionable pay into the Cambridgeshire County Pension Fund. The contribution rate is set to meet 100% of the pension fund's liabilities. The scheme provides members of the Fund with defined benefits related to pay and service. The contribution rate is determined by the Fund's actuary, based on triennial valuations. The last review took place on 31 March 2004.

In addition to the above the Council is responsible for all pension payments relating to added years' benefits it has awarded together with the related increases. In 2005/2006, these amounted to £75,068 (2004/2005 £72,593), representing 1.81% of pensionable pay.

The capital cost of these discretionary increases in pensions payments agreed by the authority is:-

Current year decisions	£65,300
------------------------	---------

Earlier year decisions for which payments are still being made	£1,196,000
--	------------

More information regarding the pensions assets/liabilities can be found in the notes to the Balance Sheet.

As part of the terms and conditions of employment of its officers and other employees, the authority offers retirement benefits. Although these benefits will not actually be payable until employees retire, the authority has a commitment to make the payments that need to be disclosed at the time that employees earn their future entitlement.

The authority participates in the Local Government Pension Scheme administered by Cambridgeshire County Council. This is a funded scheme, meaning that the authority and employees pay contributions into the fund calculated at a level intended to balance the pensions liabilities with investment assets.

The cost of retirement benefits are recognised in the Net Cost of Services when they are earned by employees, rather than when the benefits are eventually paid as pensions. However, the charge that is required to be made against council tax is based on the cash payable in the year, so the real cost of retirement benefits is reversed out of the CRA after Net Operating Expenditure. The following transactions have been made in the CRA during the year:-

	2005/2006 £000's	2004/2005 £000's
Net cost of services:		
Current service cost	(702)	(597)
Past service costs	(65)	(2)
Net Operating Expenditure:		
Interest cost	(1299)	(957)
Expected return on assets in the scheme	1184	1030
Amount to be met from Govt. Grants & Local Taxation:		
Movement on pension reserve	473	210
	-----	-----
	(409)	(316)
Actual amount charged against council tax for pensions in the year:		
Employers contributions payable to the scheme	409	316
See also notes to Statement of total movements in reserves and Balance sheet note s.		

**j.
Supplies to
Other Public
Sector Bodies**

The Local Authorities (Goods and Services) Act 1970 empowers the Council to provide goods and services to other local authorities and to certain other bodies. There was no significant activity under this Act during the year.

**k.
Minimum
Revenue
Provision**

Local authorities are required by The Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) Regulations 2003 to set aside a minimum revenue provision for the redemption of external debt. This is based on the Capital Financing Requirement as defined in the Regulations and the Prudential Code. The requirement calculation for 2005/2006 is negative, therefore no Minimum Revenue Provision is required.

**I.
Members
Allowances**

The total members' allowances paid in the year was £137,942 (2004/2005 £132,855)

**m.
Capital
Charges**

Capital charges are calculated on the values of assets held on the asset register. Interest is charged on all assets and depreciation where applicable.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE ACCOUNT continued

**n.
Remuneration
of certain
employees**

The numbers of employees whose Remuneration fell within the following bands were:-

	2005/2006	2004/2005
	No of Employees	No of Employees
Band £50,000 to £60,000	1	1
Band £60,000 to £70,000	2	3
Band £70,000 to £80,000	4	3
Band £80,000 to £90,000	0	1
Band £90,000 to £100,000	1	0

**o.
Related Party
Transactions**

There were no known material transactions with related parties when the accounts were produced that are not disclosed elsewhere in the accounts.

**p.
Subsidiaries**

See note (h) to the Consolidated Balance Sheet

**q.
Building
Regulations**

The Council's Building Regulation Service Statement is shown below.

	Non- chargeable 2005/2006	Chargeable 2005/2006	Total Building Control 2005/2006
	£	£	£
Expenditure			
Employee expenses	98,295	214,168	312,463
Premises	6,449	0	6,449
Transport	1,246	2,997	4,243
Supplies & Services	1,535	38,083	39,618
Central & Support charges	52,064	80,207	132,271
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Expenditure	159,589	335,455	495,044
Income			
Building Regulation charges	0	-260,003	-260,003
Miscellaneous Income	-53	-2,828	-2,881
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Income	-53	-262,831	-262,884
(Surplus)/Deficit for the Year			
	159,536	72,624	232,160
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Comparatives for 2004/2005			
Expenditure	146,481	309,857	456,338
Income	-41	-276,004	-276,045
(Surplus)/Deficit for the Year	<u>146,440</u>	<u>33,853</u>	<u>180,293</u>
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Reserve A/C			
(Surplus)/Deficit B/F		-63,482	-97,335
(Surplus)/Deficit in year		72,624	33,853
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
(Surplus)/Deficit C/F		9,142	-63,482
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

**r.
Audit costs**

The following fees relating to external audit and inspection were incurred:-

	2005/2006 £000's	2004/2005 £000's
Fees payable to the Audit Commission with regard to external audit services carried out by the appointed auditor	79	82
Fees payable to the Audit Commission in respect of statutory inspection	0	0
Fees payable to the Audit Commission for the certification of grant claims and returns	25	35
Fees payable in respect of other services provided by the appointed auditor	0	0

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2006

		31.03.06	31.03.05	note
		£	£	£
Assets				
Fixed assets				
Operational				
Community	476,080		459,315	
Infrastructure	405,104		406,493	
Land and buildings	9,410,186		9,388,103	
Vehicles	161,097		192,873	
Equipment	1,151,407		877,071	
Intangibles	26,634		0	
Non-operational	1,505,006		1,600,006	
	13,135,514		12,923,861	[a]
Deferred charges - Other	0		0	[b]
Long Term Investments	400,000		400,000	[h]
Long-term debtors	271,197		337,121	
	-----		-----	-----
Total long-term assets		13,806,711	13,660,982	
Current assets				
stocks and work in progress	37,467		44,404	
debtors	2,975,762		3,613,810	
bad debt provisions	-809,218	2,166,544		-937,467
investments	-----	8,517,235		8,650,000
	-----		-----	-----
		10,721,246	11,370,747	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
creditors	-4,561,146		-3,351,671	
cash overdrawn	-134,242		-523,079	
	-----		-----	-----
		-4,695,388	-3,874,750	
Total assets less current liabilities		19,832,569	21,156,979	
Deferred credits	-252,349		-301,357	
Capital grants holding account	0		0	
Provisions	-261,049		-229,995	
Liability related to defined benefit pension scheme	-7,685,000		-7,024,000	[q]
	-----		-----	-----
		-8,198,398	-7,555,352	
Total assets less liabilities		11,634,171	13,601,627	[k]
	=====		=====	=====
Balances & Reserves				
Fixed asset restatement account	6,366,395		6,458,851	[r]
Capital financing account	-20,063,891		-19,944,694	[r]
Useable capital receipts reserve	-3,893,321		-4,612,018	[r]
Pensions reserve	7,685,000		7,024,000	
Earmarked reserves	-454,502		-433,176	
Balances:				
- general fund	-1,508,310		-2,086,303	
- housing revenue account	-		-	
- collection fund	234,458		-8,287	
	-----		-----	-----
Total equity		-11,634,171	-13,601,627	[g]
	=====		=====	=====

Executive Director(Finance)

Date 28th June 2006

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

**a.
Capital
Expenditure
and
Disposals**

	Movements in fixed assets during the year were:						Total
	Community Assets	Infra-structure Assets	Non-operational Assets	Operational Land and buildings	Equipment, vehicles, intangibles	£	
Balance at 01.04.05							
Gross value	473,358	421,802	1,831,024	11,490,368	2,248,629	16,465,181	
Depn b/f	-14,043	-15,309	-231,018	-2,102,265	-1,178,685	-3,541,320	
Net value	459,315	406,493	1,600,006	9,388,103	1,069,944	12,923,861	
Additions	30,282	2	-64	418,353	326,377	774,950	
Disposals	0	-1	-95,000	-60,813	-26,011	-181,825	
Revaluations	0	0	0	0	203,657	203,657	
Depreciation	-13,517	-1,390	64	-229,711	-340,575	-585,129	
Impairments	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Recategorised	0	0	0	-105,746	105,746	0	
Recat. Depn	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Balance at 31.03.06							
Gross value	503,640	421,803	1,735,960	11,742,162	2,858,398	17,261,963	
Depn c/f	-27,560	-16,699	-230,954	-2,331,976	-1,519,260	-4,126,449	
Net value	476,080	405,104	1,505,006	9,410,186	1,339,138	13,135,514	

The sources of finance for the fixed assets acquired in the year were:

	2005/2006	2004/2005
	£	£
Capital Financing Account	0	0
Capital Receipts	352,554	499,659
Revenue Account	351,920	196,010
Creditors	0	-54,363
Total 2005/2006	704,474	641,306

Depreciation is made on buildings, vehicles, equipment and intangible assets on the straight line method based on the expected remaining life. Land is not depreciated.

**b.
Movements
of
Deferred
Charges**

Movements in deferred charges during the year were:

	2005/2006		2004/2005	
	Improvement Grants	Other	Improvement Grants	Other
Balance at 31 March 2005	0	0	0	138,853
Expenditure in year	753,438	546,430	605,869	668,383
Written down in year	-525,438	-546,430	-436,490	-807,236
Financed from capital grant	-228,000	0	-169,379	0
Balance at 31 March 2006	0	0	0	0

**c.
Commit-
ments
under
Capital
Contracts**

There has been no provision made in the accounts for commitments in respect of retentions held under capital contracts outstanding at 31 March 2006.

The Council has an ongoing capital programme and capital spending plans for the years 2006/2007 to 2008/2009 have been made. As at 31 March 2006 no significant expenditure had been legally committed.

The total capital payments expected to be made are as follows;

2006/2007	2007/2008	2008/2009
£000	£000	£000
2,478	648	549

The Council's future capital spending plans are kept under constant review in the light of available resources and changing circumstances.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET continued

d. Assets Held	<p>East Cambridgeshire District Council owned the following assets at 31 March 2006:</p> <table border="0" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">LAND AND BUILDINGS</th><th colspan="2"></th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="2">Environmental Services:</td><td colspan="2">Trading Services:</td></tr> <tr> <td>Dwelling</td><td>1</td><td>Industrial Estates</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>Public Conveniences</td><td>10</td><td>Shops/Offices</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr> <td>Travellers Site</td><td>1</td><td>Public Hall/Restaurant</td><td>1</td></tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Leisure Services:</td><td colspan="2">Support Services:</td></tr> <tr> <td>Leisure Centres</td><td>1</td><td>Administrative Offices</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>Parks</td><td>2</td><td>Depots</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>Play Areas</td><td>5</td><td>Vehicles</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Swimming Pool</td><td>1</td><td>Recycling Vehicle</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>Tourist Information Centre</td><td>1</td><td>Ride-on Mowers</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr> <td>Museum</td><td>1</td><td>Trucks/Lorries</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Ti Transportation:</td><td>Tractors</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>Car parks</td><td>13</td><td>Trailers</td><td>9</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td>Vans</td><td>9</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	LAND AND BUILDINGS				Environmental Services:		Trading Services:		Dwelling	1	Industrial Estates	2	Public Conveniences	10	Shops/Offices	4	Travellers Site	1	Public Hall/Restaurant	1	Leisure Services:		Support Services:		Leisure Centres	1	Administrative Offices	2	Parks	2	Depots	2	Play Areas	5	Vehicles		Swimming Pool	1	Recycling Vehicle	2	Tourist Information Centre	1	Ride-on Mowers	5	Museum	1	Trucks/Lorries	6	Ti Transportation:		Tractors	2	Car parks	13	Trailers	9			Vans	9			
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e. Assets held under finance leases	The Council held no assets under finance leases during the year.																																																															
f. Valuation of Fixed Assets	<p>The freehold and leasehold properties which comprise the Council's property portfolio were revalued as at 1 April 2004 by an external independent valuer, R G Bennett FRICS,Carter Jonas Property Consultants, on the basis shown in the Accounting policies in accordance with the Statements of Asset Valuation Practice and Guidance notes published by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, so far as these were consistent with the council's requirements. Assets acquired or substantially altered have been valued or revalued as appropriate.</p> <p>The valuer carries out inspections, makes local enquiries, and obtains such further information as he considers relevant for his purpose. The sources of information and assumptions made in producing the valuations are set out in valuation certificates and reports, which are prepared specifically for capital accounting purposes only.</p> <p>The valuation figures incorporated in the accounts are the aggregate of separate valuations of parts of the portfolio, not a valuation or apportioned valuation of the portfolio valued as a whole.</p> <p>The following table shows the progress of the council's rolling programme for the revaluation of fixed assets.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: right;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Community Assets</th> <th>Infra-structure Assets</th> <th>Non-operational Assets</th> <th>Operational Land and buildings</th> <th>Vehicles, Equipment, Intangibles</th> <th>Total</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Valued at historical cost</td> <td>£ 476,080</td> <td>£ 405,104</td> <td>£</td> <td>£</td> <td>£ 1,339,138</td> <td>£ 2,220,322</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Valued at current value in:-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2001/2002</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2002/2003</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2003/2004</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2004/2005</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,505,006</td> <td>8,991,897</td> <td></td> <td>10,496,903</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2005/2006</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>418,289</td> <td></td> <td>418,289</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>476,080</td> <td>405,104</td> <td>1,505,006</td> <td>9,410,186</td> <td>1,339,138</td> <td>13,135,514</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Community Assets	Infra-structure Assets	Non-operational Assets	Operational Land and buildings	Vehicles, Equipment, Intangibles	Total	Valued at historical cost	£ 476,080	£ 405,104	£	£	£ 1,339,138	£ 2,220,322	Valued at current value in:-							2001/2002					0	0	2002/2003					0	0	2003/2004					0	0	2004/2005			1,505,006	8,991,897		10,496,903	2005/2006				418,289		418,289		476,080	405,104	1,505,006	9,410,186	1,339,138	13,135,514
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	476,080	405,104	1,505,006	9,410,186	1,339,138	13,135,514																																																										

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET continued

**g.
Net Assets
Employed**

	31.03.06	31.03.05
	£	£
General Fund - revenue	1,508,310	2,086,303
Earmarked reserves	454,502	433,176
General Fund - capital	17,590,817	18,097,861
Collection Fund	-234,458	8,287
Pensions reserve	-7,685,000	-7,024,000
	-----	-----
	11,634,171	13,601,627
	=====	=====

**h.
Related
Companies**

The Council owns 400,000 £1 shares in East Cambridgeshire Business Centres Limited (2004/2005 400,000) These shares are fully paid up.

This gives the Council the controlling shareholding.

The other shareholders are CambsTec and Business Link Limited with 76,264 shares and Cambridge Enterprise Agency Limited with 20,400 shares.

The Council therefore holds a 80% majority shareholding.

The aim of the business is the promotion of economic development by providing a Managed Workspace Centre. This will have small business units and associated common facilities for new and very small businesses. The shared facilities help to keep the costs of the businesses down as it saves them having to purchase equipment and provides meeting/training rooms.

The workspaces are let on a short term basis to allow them to expand or contract as necessary without being locked into a long term tenancy agreement.

Group Accounts have been produced in full for 2005/2006.

The net assets of the company at 31 March 2006 were £460,513 (31 March 2005 £477,053)

The company made a deficit of £16,540 in the year (2004/2005 surplus £7,437)

Copies of the accounts for East Cambridgeshire Business Centres Limited can be obtained from:-

71a Lensfield Road
Cambridge
CB2 1EN

**i.
Borrowing**

The Council had no long-term external borrowing at any time during the year.

**j.
Insurance
Provisions**

The Council covers all known material insurable risks externally. The Council's accounts do not include specific provision for unfunded insurable risks.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET continued

k. Move- ments in Provisions or Reserves	Purpose	As at 31.03.05	Net movement in year	As at 31.03.06			
					£	£	£
PROVISIONS							
Maintenance of amenity areas	-147,981	4,589	-143,392	(a)			
Sport, recreation, and community projects grants	-49,864	-35,643	-85,507	(b)			
Historic building grants	-32,150	0	-32,150	(c)			
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-229,995	-31,054	-261,049				
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
RESERVES							
Capital financing reserve	-19,944,694	-119,197	-20,063,891				
Fixed asset restatement reserve	6,458,851	-92,456	6,366,395				
Building Control reserve	-63,482	72,624	9,142	(d)			
Economic Dev reserve	-98,244	25,604	-72,640	(e)			
Tree Survey reserve	-15,000	14,000	-1,000	(f)			
District Elections reserve	-10,000	-10,000	-20,000	(g)			
PCSO's	-20,478	20,478	0	(f)			
Vehicle replacement reserve	0	-9,983	-9,983	(f)			
IT reserve	-29,858	-95,678	-125,536	(f)			
Local Dev. Document reserve	-94,000	7,000	-87,000	(f)			
Conservation appraisals reserve	-16,000	6,500	-9,500	(f)			
Asset Management reserve	-86,114	-51,871	-137,985	(h)			
Collection Fund	-8,287	242,745	234,458				
General Fund reserve	-2,086,303	577,993	-1,508,310				
Useable capital receipts reserve	-4,612,018	718,697	-3,893,321				
Pensions reserve	7,024,000	661,000	7,685,000				
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-13,601,627	1,967,456	-11,634,171				
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Notes							
(a) Amounts received which are used to fund the maintenance of amenity areas over a period of 15 years.							
(b) Grants committed by Committee which will be paid out over the next 2 years.							
(c) Grants committed by Committee which will be paid out within the next 2 years.							
(d) Reserve created to hold any surplus from the Building Control function to be used solely on Building Control in any year that has a deficit.							
(e) Reserve created to fund the Council's contribution on Economic Development Funded schemes which are completed or are ended as part of the new plan.							
(f) Reserves created to fund expenditure on delayed projects. See individual lines							
(g) Reserve to fund District Elections in required years.							
(h) Reserve to hold unused Asset Management budget so that the planned work can be funded as required.							
I. Contingent Liabilities	There were no significant contingent liabilities at the balance sheet date.						
m. Post Balance Sheet Events	There were no material post balance sheet events not reflected in the financial statements.						
n. Trust and Third Party Funds	There were no material trust funds or other third party funds administered by the Council during the year.						
o. Related Party Balances	There were no known material transactions with related parties when the accounts were produced that are not disclosed elsewhere in the accounts.						

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET continued

**p.
Stock and
w.i.p.**

Stock and work in progress have been valued for balance sheet purposes at the lower of realisable value or cost.

**q.
Pension
Reserve**

The Pension Reserve is made up as follows:-

	£
Actuary Value	6,489,000
Unfunded Liabilities	<u>1,196,000</u>
	<u>7,685,000</u>

**r.
Move-
ments in
Capital
Reserves**

Fixed asset restatement account:

	2005/2006	2004/2005
Opening balance	6,458,851	6,879,179
Surplus on revaluation and restatement of fixed assets	-281,784	-1,591,277
Capital Discharged written off	-	-
Disposal/revaluation of fixed assets	189,328	1,170,949
	<u>6,366,395</u>	<u>6,458,851</u>
	=====	=====

The new system of capital accounting requires the establishment of the fixed asset restatement account. The balance represents the difference between the valuation of assets under the previous system of capital accounting and current valuations. The account is written down by the net book value of assets as they are disposed of and debited or credited with the deficits or surpluses arising on future revaluations.

Capital financing account:

	2005/2006	2004/2005
Balance at beginning of year	-19,944,694	-19,655,957
Capital receipts set aside in year	0	0
Capital financing in year - capital receipts	-977,824	-1,315,916
Capital financing in year - revenue	-798,518	-621,600
less: Depreciation provision	585,277	405,052
less: Write down of deferred charges	1,071,868	1,243,727
Adjustment for deferred liabilities	0	0
	<u>-20,063,891</u>	<u>-19,944,694</u>
	=====	=====

The capital financing account contains amounts which are required by statute to be set aside from capital receipts for the repayment of external loans and the amount of capital expenditure financed from revenue and capital receipts. It also contains the difference between amounts provided for depreciation and that required to be charged to revenue to repay the principal element of external loans. The balance on the account is reduced as loan debt is repaid, or where, as in East Cambridgeshire District Council's case, there are no outstanding external loans, it may be utilised up to the amount by which the Council's credit ceiling is negative, to finance new capital expenditure.

Useable capital receipts reserve:

	2005/2006	2004/2005
£	£	£
Balance at 31 March 2005	4,612,018	5,190,673
Capital receipts in year	277,220	737,140
Less:		
Capital receipts set aside in year	0	0
Capital receipts used for financing	-995,917	-1,315,795
	<u>-995,917</u>	<u>-1,315,795</u>
Balance at 31 March 2006	<u>£3,893,321</u>	<u>£4,612,018</u>
	=====	=====

The useable capital receipts reserve represents the capital receipts available to finance capital expenditure in future years, after setting aside the statutory amounts as "Provision for Credit Liabilities" in the capital financing reserve.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET continued

s. Pensions

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No 17 - Retirement Benefits (FRS 17) the Council is required to disclose certain information concerning assets, liabilities, income and expenditure related to pension schemes for its employees. As explained in the note on pensions in the Accounting Policies the Council participates in the Local Government Superannuation Scheme which is administered by the Cambridgeshire County Council's Pension Fund. In addition the Council has liabilities for discretionary pension payments outside the main scheme.

Changes to the Local Government Pension Scheme permit employees retiring on or after 6 April 2006 to take an increase in their lump sum payment on retirement in exchange for a reduction in their future annual pension. On the advice of our actuaries we have taken the view that there is insufficient reliable evidence to assume a level of take-up of the change in the pension scheme. Consequently, the valuation of the Council's retirement benefit liabilities as at 31 March 2006 does not include any allowance for this change in the pension scheme"

The Council's assets and liabilities amounted to:-

	2005/2006	2004/2005
	£	£
	£000,s	£000,s
Share of assets in County Council Fund	20,985	16,924
Estimated liabilities in County Council Fund	-28,670	-23,948
Net assets/(liabilities) in County Council Fund	-7,685	-7,024

Assets are valued at fair value, principally market value for investments, and consist of the following categories, by proportion:-

	Long term return	2005/2006	2004/2005
	%	%	%
Equity investments	7.4	75.3	73.5
Bonds	4.6	12.7	13.3
Property	5.5	9.3	9.7
Cash	4.6	2.7	3.5
	100.0	100.0	100.0

Liabilities are valued on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method which assesses the future liabilities of the fund discounted to their present value. The valuations are based on a valuation as at 31 March 2004 and updated for the following three years, by Hymans Robertson the independent actuaries to the County Fund. The main assumptions used in the calculations are:-

	2005/2006	2004/2005
	%	%
Rate of inflation	3.1	2.9
Rate of increase in salaries	4.6	4.4
Rate of increase in pensions	3.1	2.9
Rate for discounting scheme liabilities	4.9	5.4

Further information may be found in the Cambridgeshire County Pension Fund Annual Report, available from the Director of Resources, Cambridgeshire County Council, Shire Hall, Castle Hill, Cambridge, CB3 0AP.

See also notes to Statement of total movements in reserves and CRA note i.

STATEMENT OF TOTAL MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	2005/2006	2004/2005	note
	£	£	£
Surplus/(deficit) for the year:			
General Fund	-577,993	355,867	
add back movements on specific revenue reserves	-221,419	304,477	
deduct appropriations from pensions reserve	-473,000	-210,000	
Actuarial gains and (losses) relating to pensions	<u>-188,000</u>	<u>-2,873,836</u>	
Total increase/(decrease) in revenue resources	-1,460,412	-2,423,492	
Increase(decrease) in useable capital receipts	-718,697	-578,655	
Increase/(decrease) in unapplied capital grants	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
Total increase/(decrease) in realised capital resources	-718,697	-578,655	
Gains/(losses) on revaluation of fixed assets	281,784	459,024	[f]
Impairment losses on fixed assets	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	
Total increase/(decrease) in unrealised value of fixed assets	281,784	459,024	
Value of assets sold,disposed of or decommissioned	-189,328	-38,696	[f]
Capital receipts set aside	977,823	1,315,916	
Revenue resources set aside	-273,350	-622,127	
Movement on Govt. Grants Deferred (Depreciation)	<u>-585,277</u>	<u>-405,052</u>	
Total increase/(decrease) in amounts set aside to finance capital investment	119,196	288,737	
Total recognised gains and losses	-1,967,457	-2,293,082	

NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF TOTAL MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	Movements in revenue resources	General Fund Balances £	Earmarked Revenue £	Pensions Reserve £
a. Movements in Revenue Resources	Surplus/(deficit) for 2005/2006	-577,993	0	0
	Appropriations to/from revenue	0	21,326	-473,000
	Actuarial gains/losses on pensions	0	0	-188,000
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	Balance B/F at 1st April	2,086,303	433,176	-7,024,000
	Balance C/F at 31st March	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
b. Movements in Capital Resources	Movements in realised capital resources		2005/2006	2004/2005
	Amounts receivable in the year		Usable capital receipts £	Usable capital receipts £
	Amounts applied to finance new capital investment		277,221	737,140
			-995,918	-1,315,795
	Total increase/(decrease) in realised capital resources		<hr/>	<hr/>
			-718,697	-578,655
	Balance B/F at 1st April		4,612,018	5,190,673
	Balance C/F at 31st March	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
c. Movements in assets	Movements in unrealised value of fixed assets		Fixed asset restatement reserve £	Fixed asset restatement reserve £
	Gains/losses on revaluation of fixed assets		281,784	459,024
	Impairment losses on fixed assets		0	0
			<hr/>	<hr/>
	Total increase/(decrease) in unrealised capital resources		281,784	459,024
	Value of assets sold, disposed of or decommissioned			
	Amounts written off fixed asset balances for disposals in the year		-189,328	-38,696
	Total movement on reserve		<hr/>	<hr/>
	92,456	420,328		
	Balance B/F at 1st April		-6,458,851	-6,879,179
	Balance C/F at 31st March	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
d. Movements in set aside	Movements in amounts set aside to finance capital investment		Capital financing reserve £	Capital financing reserve £
	Capital receipts set aside in the year		0	0
	Useable receipts applied		977,824	1,315,916
	Total capital receipts set aside in the year	<hr/>	977,824	1,315,916
	Revenue resources set aside in the year			
	- capital expenditure financed from revenue		798,518	621,600
	- reconciling amount for provisions for loan repayment		-1,071,868	-1,243,727
	Total revenue resources set aside in the year	<hr/>	-273,350	-622,127
	Grants applied to capital investment in the year		0	0
	Amounts credited to asset management revenue account		-585,277	-405,052
	Depreciation on Government Grants Deferred		-585,277	-405,052
	Total increase/(decrease) in amounts set aside to finance capital investment		119,197	288,737
	Balance B/F at 1st April 2005		19,944,694	19,655,957
	Balance C/F at 31 March 2006	<hr/>	20,063,891	19,944,694

NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF TOTAL MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES continued

**e.
Pensions
Reserve**

The actuarial losses identified as movements on the Pension Reserve in 2005/2006 can be analysed into the following categories, measured as absolute amounts and as a percentage of assets or liabilities at 31st March 2006.

		Differences between the expected and actual return on assets	Differences between actuarial assumptions about liabilities and actual experience	Changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of Liabilities	Totals
<u>2005/2006</u>	£000's %	3,002 14.3	-16 (0.1)	-3,174 (11.1)	-188
<u>2004/2005</u>	£000's %	821 4.9	-1,034 (4.3)	-2,661 (11.1)	-2,874
<u>2003/2004</u>	£000's %	2,080 14.2	-650 (3.7)	0 0.0	1,430
<u>2002/2003</u>	£000's %	-4,390 (36.6)	540 3.4	-10 (0.1)	-3,860

**f.
Prior year
adjustment**

2004/2005 adjustment of figures.

Gains/(losses)on revaluation of fixed assets has been reduced by the decrease on revaluation of £1,132,253. Value of assets sold, disposed of or decommissioned has been reduced by the same amount. Therefore, there is no change to the actual results. This now agrees with note (a) of the Balance Sheet which was stated correctly in the 2004/2005 accounts.

THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT 2005/2006

		2005/2006	2004/2005
		£	£
Revenue Activities	CASH OUTFLOWS		
	Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	4,944,566	4,551,880
	Other operating cash payments	6,555,973	4,788,686
	Housing Benefit paid out	10,327,422	9,495,562
	NNDR payments to national pool	11,332,396	10,292,368
	Precepts paid	28,836,400	26,955,191
		-----	-----
		61,996,757	56,083,687
	CASH INFLOWS		
	Rents (after rebates)	-228,828	-228,330
	Council Tax income	-28,818,379	-27,152,129
	NNDR receipts from national pool	-2,251,831	-2,027,080
	Non-domestic rate income	-12,023,088	-10,579,042
	Revenue Support Grant	-3,034,913	-2,793,055
	DSS Grants for rebates	-13,184,166	-11,822,903
	Other government grants	-407,435	-390,922
	Cash received for goods and services	-1,945,281	-1,762,256
	Other operating cash receipts	-1,262,822	-1,218,307
		-----	-----
		-63,156,743	-57,974,024
	NET CASH FLOW FROM REVENUE ACTIVITIES	-1,159,986	-1,890,337
Servicing of Finance	CASH OUTFLOWS		
	Interest paid	13,649	63,347
	CASH INFLOWS		
	Interest received	-604,569	-508,803
		-----	-----
		-590,920	-445,456
Capital Activities	CASH OUTFLOWS		
	Purchase of fixed assets	658,844	678,368
	Purchase of long-term investments	0	23,422
	Other capital payments	1,340,032	1,355,391
	Payment to Capital Receipts Pool	18,093	0
		-----	-----
		2,016,969	2,057,181
	CASH INFLOWS		
	Sale of fixed assets	-255,064	-711,950
	Capital grants received	-228,000	-106,121
	Other capital cash receipts	-39,071	-46,974
		-----	-----
		-522,135	-865,045
		-----	-----
		1,494,834	1,192,136
	NET CASH OUTFLOW OR (INFLOW) BEFORE FINANCING	-256,072	-1,143,657
	NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN SHORT TERM DEPOSITS	-132,765	1,200,000
Financing	CASH OUTFLOWS / CASH INFLOWS		
	Repayment of amounts borrowed / New loans raised	0	0
	DECREASE / (INCREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	-388,837	56,343
		=====	=====

NOTES TO THE 2005/2006 CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	2005/2006		2004/2005	
	£	£	£	
Note A Reconciliation of surplus to net cash flow	Deficit/(Surplus) for the year	820,738	-444,503	
	NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS			
	add: minimum revenue provision	0	0	
	provisions set aside in year	-31,054	58,596	
	contributions to/(from) reserves	-21,326	-215,841	
		-----	-----	
		-52,380	-157,245	
	ITEMS ON AN ACCRUAL BASIS			
	increase/(decrease) in stocks	-6,937	-9,405	
	add: decrease in debtors	-509,799	-721,193	
	less: increase in debtors	0	0	
	add: increase in creditors	-1,204,011	-381,847	
	less: decrease in creditors	0	0	
		-----	-----	
		-1,720,747	-1,112,445	
	ITEMS CLASSIFIED IN ANOTHER CLASSIFICATION IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT			
	add: capital expenditure charged to revenue	-798,517	-621,600	
	less: investment income (net)	590,920	445,456	
		-----	-----	
		-207,597	-176,144	
	Net cash flow from revenue activities	-1,159,986	-1,890,337	
		=====	=====	
Note B Movement in cash and cash equivalents		31.03.05	Movement 2005/2006	31.03.06
		£	£	£
	Short term investments repayable on demand	0	0	0
	Cash (overdrawn) or in hand at bank	-523,079	388,837	-134,242
		-----	-----	-----
		-523,079	388,837	-134,242
		=====	=====	=====
Note C Movement in liquid resources		31.03.05	Movement 2005/2006	31.03.06
		£	£	£
	Short term investments	8,650,000	-132,765	8,517,235
	Other	0	0	0
		-----	-----	-----
		8,650,000	-132,765	8,517,235
		=====	=====	=====
Note D Liquid resources	Liquid resources are short term deposits for a period up to 1 year.			
Note E Further narrative or analysis	i. The 1993 Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting brings local authorities into line with the private sector by requiring the publication of a "cash flow statement". This statement replaces the statement of revenue and capital movements. The cash flow statement summarises the inflows and outflows of cash arising from the transactions with third parties for both revenue and capital purposes.			
	ii. "Interest paid" relates entirely to interest statutorily payable in respect of receipts of National Non-Domestic Rates which were subsequently found to be overpayments as a result of successful appeals against valuations. This interest is recovered by being offset against the Council's contribution to the national non-domestic rating pool.			

NOTES TO THE 2005/2006 CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued)

**Note F
Analysis of
Government
grants**

	2005/2006	2004/2005
	£	£
Housing benefit administration subsidy	242,081	225,568
Council tax benefit administration subsidy	121,586	121,586
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	363,667	347,154
 Housing Acts - grants towards debt charges:		
Agricultural housing subsidy	0	0
Defective housing:		
repurchases	1,186	1,186
reinstatements	42,582	42,582
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	43,768	43,768
Home Improvement Agency	0	0
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total "Other government grants"	407,435	390,922
 Non-HRA rent rebate subsidy	93,204	81,876
Rent allowance subsidy	9,867,192	8,767,392
Council tax benefit subsidy	3,118,596	2,889,096
Weekly Benefit Savings grant	0	0
Verification Framework	70,109	70,109
Fraud Incentive	35,065	14,430
Discretionary Rent Allowance grant	0	0
Prior year adjustments	0	0
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	13,184,166	11,822,903
Revenue Support Grant	3,034,913	2,793,055
Distribution from national non-domestic rating pool	2,251,831	2,027,080
 Capital grants:		
Defective housing	0	0
Housing improvements, conversion, or repairs	228,000	106,121
 Housing Association Grant (Housing Corporation)	0	0
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	228,000	106,121
Total Government grants	19,106,345	17,140,081
	<hr/>	<hr/>

GROUP ACCOUNTS

In accordance with the Code of Practice, the Council is required to produce a Group Income and Expenditure Account, Group Balance Sheet, Group Cashflow Statement, and a Group Statement of Total Movement in Reserves. The purpose of the group financial statements is to show the overall financial position and the results of the District Council.

The group financial statements have been produced on the "equity" method of consolidation, in accordance with the accounting policy on page 6. The Council's own accounts have been amended to include the subsidiary's figures and are shown as the following Group Accounts.

The Council has only one statutory investment in the East Cambridgeshire Business Centres Limited as described in note h to the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The net assets are:-

2005-2006		2004-2005	
Total Net Assets	Incorporated in Group Accounts	Total Net Assets	Incorporated in Group Accounts
£	£	£	£
460,513	368,410	477,052	381,642

The net profit/(loss) after taxation are:-

2005-2006		2004-2005	
Total Net Profit/(Loss)	Incorporated in Group Accounts	Total Net Profit/(Loss)	Incorporated in Group Accounts
£	£	£	£
-16,540	-13,232	7,437	5,950

GROUP INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

		2005/2006		2004/2005
		Expenditure	Income	Net
		£	£	£
Income and Expenditure	Central Services to the public	4,634,225	-3,869,610	764,615
	Cultural & Related	1,734,022	-452,022	1,282,000
	Environmental	4,889,801	-562,784	4,327,017
	Planning & Development	3,869,484	-2,267,820	1,601,664
	Transport	408,181	-31,657	376,524
	Housing	12,179,217	-11,118,870	1,060,347
	Corporate & Democratic Core	2,159,197	-814,478	1,344,719
	Non Distributed Costs	65,000	0	65,000
	NET COST OF SERVICES	29,939,127	-19,117,241	10,821,886
		-----	-----	9,078,301
Financing of net revenue expenditure	Parish council precepts		1,037,200	956,063
	Interest payable		0	0
	Interest receivable		-593,183	-570,835
	Pensions interest cost		1,299,000	957,000
	Expected return on pension assets		-1,184,000	-1,030,000
	Corporation Tax		-70	5,000
	NET OPERATING EXPENDITURE			11,380,833
				9,395,529
	Minority Interest		-3,308	1,487
	NET EXP BEFORE RESERVES MOVEMENTS			11,377,525
General Fund Reserve Balance	Contributions to (from) other reserves		21,326	215,841
	Contributions to (from) capital reserves -		0	0
	Financing of capital expenditure		798,518	623,001
	Reversal of depreciation charges		-585,277	-405,052
	Reversal of deferred charges		-1,071,868	-1,243,726
	Movement on pension reserve		-473,000	-210,000
	Appropriation to Group I & E Reserve		-13,232	5,950
	AMOUNT TO BE MET FROM GOVERNMENT GRANT AND LOCAL TAXPAYERS			10,053,992
				8,383,030
	Demand on Collection Fund		-4,154,900	-3,918,763
Collection Fund	Collection Fund transfer for the deficit (surplus) at 31 March - (Residual community charges)		0	0
	Revenue support grant		-3,070,268	-2,793,054
	Contribution from the non-domestic rate pool		-2,250,831	-2,027,080
	SSA Reduction grant		0	
	DEFICIT/(SURPLUS) FOR THE YEAR			577,993
General Fund Reserve Balance				-355,867
	Balance at start of the year		-2,086,303	-1,730,436
	Deficit/(Surplus) for the year		577,993	-355,867
	Balance at end of the year		-1,508,310	-2,086,303

GROUP BALANCE SHEET

		2005/2006	2004/2005
		£	£
Assets			
Fixed assets			
Operational		476,080	459,315
Community		405,104	406,493
Infrastructure		9,871,008	9,866,537
Land and buildings		161,097	192,873
Vehicles		1,151,407	883,155
Equipment		26,634	0
Intangible		1,505,006	1,600,006
Non-operational		13,596,336	13,408,379
Deferred charges - Other		0	0
Long Term Investments		0	0
Long-term debtors		247,197	337,121
Total long-term assets		13,843,533	13,745,500
Current assets			
stocks and work in progress		37,467	44,404
debtors		2,967,336	3,566,006
bad debt provisions		-883,048	-1,010,378
investments		8,517,235	8,650,000
		10,638,990	11,250,032
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
creditors		-4,655,921	-3,436,763
cash overdrawn		66,481	-324,738
		-4,589,440	-3,761,501
Total assets less current liabilities		19,893,083	21,234,031
Deferred credits		-252,349	-301,357
Capital grants holding account		0	0
Provisions		-261,049	-229,995
Defined benefit pension scheme liability		-7,685,000	-7,024,000
		-8,198,398	-7,555,352
Total assets less liabilities		11,694,685	13,678,679
Balances & Reserves			
Fixed asset restatement account		6,366,395	6,458,851
Capital financing account		-20,063,891	-19,944,694
Useable capital receipts reserve		-3,893,321	-4,612,018
Pensions reserve		7,685,000	7,024,000
Earmarked reserves		-454,502	-433,176
Balances:			
- general fund		-1,508,310	-2,086,303
- housing revenue account		0	0
- collection fund		234,458	-8,287
- (profit)/loss on group entity		28,520	15,290
		-11,605,651	-13,586,337
Group Balances and Reserves			
Minority Interests		-89,034	-92,342
Total equity		-11,694,685	-13,678,679

GROUP CASH FLOW STATEMENT

	2005/2006	2004/2005
	£	£
Net Cash Inflow from Revenue Activities	-1,158,950	-2,018,723
<u>Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance</u>		
- Interest paid	13,649	63,347
- Interest received	-607,987	-510,504
	-594,338	-447,157
Taxation	0	0
<u>Capital Expenditure and Financial Investment</u>		
- Purchase of fixed assets	658,844	678,368
- Purchase of long term investments	0	23,422
- Sale of fixed assets	-255,064	-711,950
- Capital grants received	-228,000	-106,121
- Other capital cash received	-39,071	-46,974
- Payment to Capital Receipts Pool	18,093	0
- Other capital cash payments	1,340,032	1,355,391
	1,494,834	1,192,136
NET CASH INFLOW BEFORE FINANCING	-258,454	-1,273,744
Net increase/(decrease) in short term deposits	-132,765	1,200,000
Repayments of amounts borrowed/New loans raised	0	0
	-132,765	
NET (INCREASE)/DECREASE IN CASH	<u>-391,219</u>	<u>-73,744</u>

GROUP STATEMENT OF TOTAL MOVEMENT IN RESERVES

	2005/2006	2004/2005
	£	£
Surplus/(deficit) for the year:		
General Fund	-577,993	355,867
Profit & Loss Account	-13,232	5,950
add back movements on specific revenue reserves	-221,419	304,477
deduct appropriations from pensions reserve	-473,000	-210,000
Actuarial gains and (losses) relating to pensions	<u>-188,000</u>	<u>-2,873,836</u>
Total increase/(decrease) in revenue resources	-1,473,644	-2,417,542
Increase(decrease) in useable capital receipts	-718,697	-578,655
Increase/(decrease) in unapplied capital grants	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total increase/(decrease) in realised capital resources	-718,697	-578,655
Gains/(losses) on revaluation of fixed assets	281,784	1,591,277
Impairment losses on fixed assets	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total increase/(decrease) in unrealised value of fixed assets	281,784	1,591,277
Value of assets sold,disposed of or decommissioned	-189,328	-1,170,949
Capital receipts set aside	977,823	1,315,916
Revenue resources set aside	-273,350	-622,127
Movement on Govt. Grants Deferred (Depreciation)	<u>-585,277</u>	<u>-405,052</u>
Total increase/(decrease) in amounts set aside to finance capital investment	119,196	288,737
Total recognised gains and losses	<u><u>-1,980,689</u></u>	<u><u>-2,287,132</u></u>

COLLECTION FUND ACCOUNTS

Revenue Account	Note	2005/2006		2004/2005	
		£	£	£	£
Income	Income from Council Tax	b	28,668,212		27,075,192
	Transfers from General Fund				
	Council Tax Benefits		3,137,414		2,961,916
	Transitional Relief		45		-547
	Income collectable from business ratepayers	a	11,994,773		10,880,784
	Contributions towards previous years' Collection Fund deficit		0		0
	Adjustment of previous years' community charges		0		0
	Council Tax Benefit Subsidy Limitation				
	Cambridgeshire County Council		0		0
	Cambridgeshire Police Authority		0		0

			43,800,444		40,917,345
			-----		-----
Expenditure	Precepts and demands				
	Cambridgeshire County Council		22,837,140		21,388,212
	Cambridgeshire Police Authority		3,659,580		3,401,379
	Cambridgeshire Fire & Rescue		1,302,480		1,209,537
	East Cambridgeshire District Council		4,154,900		3,918,763
	Business rate				
	Payment to national pool		11,901,127		10,787,745
	Costs of collection		93,646		93,039
	Bad and doubtful debts / appeals				
	Write offs		156,528		5,061
	Provisions		-62,212		24,973
Movement on Fund balance	Contributions				
	towards previous years' Collection Fund surplus		0		0
	Adjustment of previous years' community charges		0		0

			44,043,189		40,828,709
			-----		-----
	(Surplus) deficit for year		242,745		-88,636
			-----		-----
Collection Fund Reserve Balance	Collection Fund deficit (surplus) at 1 April		-8,287		80,349
	Movement on Fund balance in year		242,745		-88,636
			-----		-----
	Collection Fund (surplus) deficit at 31 March		234,458		-8,287
			-----		-----

NOTES TO THE COLLECTION FUND ACCOUNTS

General	<p>The Council Tax replaced the former Community Charge ("Poll Tax") with effect from 1 April 1993. At the same time there were changes in the statutory requirements relating to the Collection Fund.</p> <p>With effect from 1 April 1993 -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Revenue Support Grant and amounts distributed from the NNDR national pool are paid directly to all billing and precepting authorities and are now disclosed on the face of the Consolidated Revenue Account. ◆ Parish precepts are paid from the General Fund of billing authorities and are now disclosed on the face of the Consolidated Revenue Account. ◆ Interest ceased to be payable on cash flow transfers between the General Fund and the Collection Fund (except on transfers outstanding on 31 March 1993). ◆ The year-end surplus or deficit on the Collection Fund is to be distributed between billing and major precepting authorities on the basis of estimates made on 15 January of the year-end balance. 																																										
a. National Non-Domestic Rates	<p>The total non-domestic rateable value at 31 March 2006 was £37,600,655 (31 March 2005 £36,679,882). The national non-domestic rate multiplier for 2005/2006 was 42.2p (2004/2005 45.6p).</p>																																										
b. Council Tax base	<p>The calculation of the council tax base, i.e. the number of chargeable dwellings in each valuation band (adjusted for dwellings where discounts apply) converted to an equivalent number of band D dwellings is as follows:</p> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center; width: 30%;">Band</th> <th style="text-align: center; width: 35%;">2005/2006</th> <th style="text-align: center; width: 35%;">2004/2005</th> </tr> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;"></th> <th style="text-align: center;"><i>Equivalent number of dwellings</i></th> <th style="text-align: center;"><i>Equivalent number of dwellings</i></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">A</td><td style="text-align: center;">2,013</td><td style="text-align: center;">1,982</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">B</td><td style="text-align: center;">6,426</td><td style="text-align: center;">6,383</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">C</td><td style="text-align: center;">5,063</td><td style="text-align: center;">4,985</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">D</td><td style="text-align: center;">5,996</td><td style="text-align: center;">5,777</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">E</td><td style="text-align: center;">4,239</td><td style="text-align: center;">4,075</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">F</td><td style="text-align: center;">2,289</td><td style="text-align: center;">2,146</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">G</td><td style="text-align: center;">855</td><td style="text-align: center;">833</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">H</td><td style="text-align: center;">119</td><td style="text-align: center;">119</td></tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">O</td><td style="text-align: center;">0</td><td style="text-align: center;">0</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td style="text-align: center; border-top: 1px dashed black;">-----</td><td style="text-align: center; border-top: 1px dashed black;">-----</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td style="text-align: center;">27,000</td><td style="text-align: center;">26,300</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td style="text-align: center; border-top: 1px dashed black;">-----</td><td style="text-align: center; border-top: 1px dashed black;">-----</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Band	2005/2006	2004/2005		<i>Equivalent number of dwellings</i>	<i>Equivalent number of dwellings</i>	A	2,013	1,982	B	6,426	6,383	C	5,063	4,985	D	5,996	5,777	E	4,239	4,075	F	2,289	2,146	G	855	833	H	119	119	O	0	0		-----	-----		27,000	26,300		-----	-----
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**c.
Precepts and demands** The names of the authorities which made a significant precept or demand on the fund and the amount included for each were as follows:

	2005/2006	2004/2005
	£	£
Cambridgeshire County Council	22,837,140	21,388,212
Cambridgeshire Police Authority	3,659,580	3,401,379
Cambridgeshire Fire & Rescue	1,302,480	1,209,537
East Cambridgeshire District Council	4,154,900	3,918,763

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Actuarial Gains & Losses	For a defined pension benefit scheme, the changes in actuarial deficits or surpluses that arise because events have not coincided with the actuarial assumptions made for the last valuation or the actuarial assumptions have changed.
Balances	Working balances are reserves needed to finance expenditure in advance of income from debtors, precepts and grants. Any excess may be applied, at the discretion of the Council, to reduce future demands on the Collection Fund or to meet unexpected costs. Balances on holding accounts and provisions are available to meet expenditure in future years without having an adverse effect on revenue expenditure.
Budget	A statement of the Council's income and expenditure plan over a specified period, for example the annual revenue budget which, besides being expressed in financial terms, may include other physical data, e.g. manpower resources.
Capital Charges	Charges made to revenue accounts as part of the running costs of each service to reflect the value of the fixed assets used in providing the service.
Capital Expenditure	Money spent on providing assets of long-term value, e.g. land, buildings and equipment, or on making grants towards such expenditure.
Capital Financing	A global term covering the sources of money to pay for capital spending, e.g. borrowing, sales of fixed assets, grants, developers' contributions, leasing, and revenue monies.
Capital Receipts	Money raised from the sale of fixed assets, e.g. land. Some other receipts, e.g. Housing Association Grant (HAG), and some loan repayments have to be treated as capital receipts.
Community Assets	Fixed assets that the Council intends to hold in perpetuity which have no determinable useful life and which will often have restrictions on their disposal, e.g. parks or historic buildings.
Current Assets	The day-to-day working assets of the Council, e.g. stores, cash, bank balances, and debtors.
Current Liabilities	Amounts which will or could become payable in the immediate future, e.g. unpaid bills ("creditors"), bank overdrafts.
Current Service Cost	The increase in the present value of a defined benefit pension scheme's liabilities expected to arise from employee service in the current period.
Deferred Charges	Expenditure which may properly be deferred, but which does not result in, or remain matched with, tangible assets.
Defined Benefit Scheme	A pension scheme that defines the benefits independently of the contributions payable
Depreciation	The measure of the cost or revalued amount of the benefits of the fixed asset that have been consumed during the period.
General Fund	The main revenue account of the Council. All the running costs and related income pass through this Fund.
Government Grants	Grants made by central government towards Council spending. They may be specific e.g. housing benefit subsidy, or general e.g. revenue support grant.
Housing Advances	Sometimes referred to as Housing Act Advances, or HAA. These are loans made to individuals by the Council towards the cost of acquiring or improving their homes.
Housing Benefit	A social security benefit administered by the Council which is intended to help claimants to meet their rent liability.
Infrastructure Assets	Fixed assets that are inalienable, expenditure on which is recoverable only by continued use of the asset. An example would be footpaths

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Interest Cost	For a defined pension benefit scheme, the expected increase during the period in the present value of the scheme liabilities because the benefits are one period closer to settlement.
Multiplier	The term used in relation to business rates to describe the number of pence in the pound (set by central government) to be multiplied by the rateable value of a property to work out the amount due.
Past Service Cost	For a defined benefit scheme, the increase in the present value of the scheme liabilities related to employee service in prior periods arising in the current period as a result of the introduction of, or improvement to, retirement benefits.
Reserves	Money held for some broadly specific purpose, e.g. contingencies, but in respect of which no specific commitment has been made.
Revenue Expenditure	Recurring expenditure on day-to-day expenses e.g. employees, running costs of buildings and equipment. Any spending which is not capital expenditure. Sometimes called current expenditure.
Revenue Support Grant	The main annual grant paid by central government. It is intended to meet a proportion of the total local authority expenditure considered by Government to be necessary to provide a standard level of service throughout the country.
Scheme Liabilities	The liabilities of a defined benefit scheme for outgoings due after the valuation date. Scheme liabilities measured using the projected unit method reflect the benefits that the employer is committed to provide for service up to the valuation date.
Total Cost	The total cost of a service or activity includes all costs which relate to the provision of the service (directly or bought in) or to the undertaking of the activity. Gross total cost includes employee costs, expenditure relating to premises and transport, supplies and services, third party payments, support services and capital charges. This includes an appropriate share of all support services and overheads, which need to be apportioned.